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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No. 38415R1

First Inventor Joseph J. KUBLER

Title Modem Command Interface For Radio Devices

Express Mail Label No. EK 875 261 939 US

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

1. ☐ Fee Transmittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17)
(Submit an original and a duplicate for fee processing)
2. ☐ Applicant claims small entity status.
See 37 CFR 1.27.
3. ☒ Specification [Total Pages 17]
(preferred arrangement set forth below)
 - Descriptive title of the invention
 - Cross Reference to Related Applications
 - Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D
 - Reference to sequence listing, a table, or a computer program listing appendix
 - Background of the Invention
 - Brief Summary of the Invention
 - Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)
 - Detailed Description
 - Claim(s)
 - Abstract of the Disclosure
4. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113) [Total Sheets 6]
5. Oath or Declaration [Total Pages]
 - a. ☐ Newly executed (original or copy)
 - b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63 (d))
(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)
 - i. ☐ **DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)**
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
6. ☐ Application Data Sheet. See 37 CFR 1.76

ADDRESS TO:

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ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

9. ☐ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
10. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement (when there is an assignee) ☐ Power of Attorney
11. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
12. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
13. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
14. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
(Should be specifically itemized)
15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
(if foreign priority is claimed)
16. ☒ Other: Appendix A
(pages A1 - A2)

17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box, and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment, or in an Application Data Sheet under 37 CFR 1.76:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP)

of prior application No. _____/_____

Prior application information:

Examiner _____

Group / Art Unit _____

For CONTINUATION OR DIVISIONAL APPS only: The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which an oath or declaration is supplied under Box 5b, is considered a part of the disclosure of the accompanying continuation or divisional application and is hereby incorporated by reference. The incorporation can only be relied upon when a portion has been inadvertently omitted from the submitted application parts.

18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

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PATENT APPLICATION

Express Mail Label
No. EK 875 261 939 US

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SPECIFICATION

TITLE

MODEM COMMAND INTERFACE FOR RADIO DEVICES

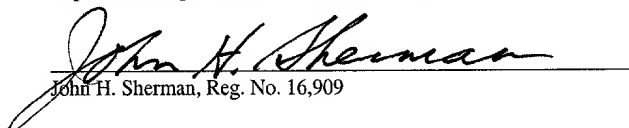
CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

The present application claims the benefit of provisional Application No. 60/163,752 filed 11/05/99. Said provisional Application No. 60/163,752 is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety including Appendix A.

CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAILING

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to addressee" Service under 37 C.F.R. Sec. 1.10 addressed to: Box Patent Application Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231, on November 3, 2000.

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John H. Sherman, Reg. No. 16,909

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to communication between or among devices in a network. In particular, the present invention relates to communication in a wireless network.

BACKGROUND

Networks link one or more computer devices to one another and facilitate the communication or transfer of information between or among the devices in the network. A network may be as complex as a planet wide web of inter connected computers such as the World Wide Web, or in contrast, a network may be as simple as a temporary communication link between two computer devices. Between these two extremes there may exist an infinite number of different types of networks, each having a differing level of complexity.

Computer devices may be connected in a network via a physical connection such as a wire, cable, or fiber optic connection, or alternatively, computer devices in a network may be connected via a wireless connection. In a wireless network data is embedded on an electromagnetic signal and is sent through free space from one wireless device to another wireless device. Typically, to participate in a wireless network, a device must be equipped with a transmitter for transmitting electromagnetic energy or a receiver for receiving electromagnetic energy. Often, a wireless communication device will be equipped with a transceiver that facilitates both the transmission and reception of electromagnetic energy. In addition, antennas may be used to enhance the transmission and reception capabilities of wireless computer devices.

Establishing a communication link between two or more wireless devices generally requires that the two devices "speak the same language." In other words, effective communication between two or more wireless devices requires that the devices be programmed to understand one another. Often, network configuration parameters

must be exchanged between the wireless devices before effective communication between the devices can occur.

Depending on the devices used in the wireless network, their respective protocols and the complexity of the network, the amount of time and action necessary to configure wireless devices for effective communication may vary. Typically, however, an end user must take some action to enable wireless devices to communicate in a network. Simplifying the configuration process and reducing the amount of action that an end user must undertake to operate a device in a wireless network can save both time and energy. Therefore, improving the methods by which wireless networks may be established and improving the methods by which wireless devices communicate are paramount concerns.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention may comprise an innovative method of communicating network establishment parameters from at least one wireless computer device to one or more other wireless computer devices. The method may comprise formatting the network establishment parameters into a standard modem command. The method may also comprise sending the standard modem command from a first device to a second device, and extracting the network establishment parameters from the standard modem command.

In accordance with the present invention, the standard modem command may be any modem command that may be understood by a modem. In one embodiment, the standard modem command may include at least one command taken from the Hayes command set. By way of example, the standard modem command may be a start command or a dial command. However, any standard modem command could be used in accordance with the present invention.

Some computer devices in a network may have memory capabilities. The memory may be volatile or non-volatile. In accordance with one embodiment of the present invention, the method of communicating network establishment parameters may further comprise storing at least some of the parameters to memory. In one specific

embodiment, the parameters may be stored in an electrically erasable programmable read only memory (EEPROM). In any case, depending on the hardware being used and the network being configured, the parameters may be stored either temporarily or permanently.

In another embodiment, the present invention may comprise a method of communicating with a device. In accordance with this embodiment, the device may be programmed to understand one or more standard modem commands. Moreover, the standard modem commands may include at least one Hayes modem command. The method may comprise creating a standard modem command by appending a Hayes modem command to a device command and sending the standard modem command to the device. The device command may provide network establishment parameters, or alternatively the device command may command the device to perform a particular function. By way of example, the device command may command the device to enable or disable a particular device function. Alternatively, the device command may simply instruct the device to adjust its settings or operation parameters. In any case, the type of device command that may be implemented in accordance with the present invention is limited only by the hardware and software used in the device.

In still another embodiment, the present invention may comprise a method of communicating between a first device and a second device. Both the first and second device may be programmed to understand standard modem commands. The method may comprise creating a standard modem command by appending a Hayes modem command to a device command in the first device. The method may also comprise sending the standard modem command from the first device to the second device. Moreover, the method may comprise extracting the device command from the standard modem command in the second device. As described above, the type of device command that may be implemented would be limited only by the hardware and software used in the respective devices.

In yet another embodiment, the present invention may comprise a method of establishing a wireless communication link with a device. In accordance with this embodiment the device may be programmed to understand standard modem commands.

The method may comprise formatting wireless network establishment information into a standard modem command and sending the standard modem command to the device.

In an alternative embodiment, the present invention may comprise a method of communicating with a radio device in a wireless local area network. The method may comprise establishing a communication link by formatting network establishment information into a standard modem command and sending the standard modem command to the radio device. The method may further comprise communicating data over the communication link. In accordance with this embodiment, the radio device may be any device having electromagnetic radiation reception capabilities. By way of example and not limitation the radio device may be any one of the following devices when they are equipped with a receiver: a hand held computer, a printer, a scanner, a bar code reader, a RFID tag reader, a personal computer, any computer peripheral device, a key board, a facsimile machine, a disk drive, a mouse, a display screen, a communication device, an access point, a bridge, a router, a gate, a sensor, a security device, or any other device having electromagnetic radiation reception capabilities.

In an additional embodiment, the present invention may comprise a wireless communication system. The system may comprise at least one first wireless device and at least one second wireless device. Moreover the system may comprise at least one network establishment signal having network establishment information formatted into a standard modem command. Wireless communication between the first wireless device and the second wireless device may be established when the network establishment signal is sent from the first wireless device and received by the second wireless device. In this manner, a wireless communication system may be created. The system may further comprise multiple wireless devices. Moreover, by way of example and not limitation the wireless devices each may be any one of the radio devices listed above.

In another embodiment, the present invention may comprise a method of communicating to a radio device. The method may comprise creating a standard modem command by appending a modem interface command to a device command. The method may further comprise sending the standard modem command to the radio device.

In yet another embodiment, the present invention may comprise a method of communicating from a radio device. The method may comprise creating a standard

modem command by appending a modem interface command to a device command and sending the standard modem command from the radio device.

The advantages of the present invention may be apparent from the foregoing description or the description that follows, or may be learned by practice of the present invention. The advantages of the systems and methods of the present invention will be realized and attained by means particularly pointed out in the written description and claims, as well as in the appended drawings. It is to be understood, however, that both the foregoing summary and the following detailed description are explanatory only, and not restrictive of the present invention, as claimed. In addition, in light of this disclosure, other embodiments and modifications will become apparent to one with ordinary skill in the art and are meant to fall within the spirit and scope of the invention, as claimed.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying drawings are included to provide a further understanding of the present invention and are incorporated in and constitute a part of this specification. The drawings illustrate exemplary embodiments of the present invention and together with the description serve to explain the principles of the invention.

FIG. 1 is a flow diagram showing a method of communicating network parameters in accordance with the present invention,

FIG. 2 is another flow diagram showing a method of communicating network parameters in accordance with the present invention,

FIG. 3 is another flow diagram showing a method of communicating network parameters in accordance with the present invention,

FIG. 4 is a flow diagram showing how a modem command may be created and sent in accordance with the present invention,

FIG. 5 is a block diagram of a wireless communication system in accordance with the present invention, and

FIG. 6 is another block diagram of a wireless communication system in accordance with the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention may comprise a new and innovative method of communicating between or among devices in a wireless computer network. The invention may be used to establish a network, or it may be used to facilitate communication in a network. It may be used to communicate with one device, or it may be used to communicate between or among many devices. Moreover, it may be used to communicate either to or from a wireless device. When a wireless communication network has been established using the methods of the present invention, the result may be a wireless communication system in accordance with the present invention.

FIG. 1 is a flow diagram showing a method of communicating network parameters in accordance with the present invention. The method may comprise formatting network parameters into a standard modem command 10 and sending the standard modem command 12. In addition, the method may comprise extracting the network parameters from the standard modem command 14.

The present invention may utilize standard modem concepts and commands currently known in the art and may integrate those concepts and standards into a new method of communication. As such, conventional hardware and preexisting software may be used to implement a method in accordance with the present invention.

Network establishment parameters may be formatted into a standard modem command by combining the network parameters with at least one modem interface command. In some embodiments the modem interface command may be a basic Hayes modem command. A basic Hayes modem command is a command taken from the industry accepted "Hayes Modem Interface Commands." The following exemplary embodiment illustrates how step 10 of FIG. 1 may be realized using exemplary Hayes modem commands.

The Hayes modem command "AT" is a basic start command that tells a modem that you are going to send something. The Hayes modem command "D" tells a modem to dial the numbers following the D. Thus the traditional modem command

ATDphonenum will command the modem to dial "phonenum". In accordance with the present invention a standard modem command may be formatted by letting $\text{phonenum} = [\text{network establishment parameters}]$. Thus, the resulting modem command ATDphonenum would contain two modem interface commands ("AT" and "D") and would also contain network establishment parameters embedded in the phonenum.

If a device were used to format the standard modem command, the device would not need to know that $\text{phonenum} = [\text{network establishment parameters}]$. In other words, the formatting device may simply operate as though it were formatting and sending a traditional modem command that instructed a modem to dial the phonenum. However, a device that receives the standard modem command may be programmed independently to realize that $\text{phonenum} = [\text{network establishment parameters}]$. As such the receiving device may extract the network establishment parameters from the standard modem command simply by extracting phonenum from the standard modem command ATDphonenum. Although the sending device may think it is sending a "dial phone number command", the receiving device may interpret the command as containing network establishment parameters and may use the network establishment data accordingly.

Referring again to FIG. 1, a method in accordance with the present invention may comprise sending a standard modem command 12. This step may be realized by any method of data transmission between at least one data sending device and at least one data receiving device. In the preferred embodiment the data is embedding on an electromagnetic and is sent wirelessly from a sending device to a receiving device. The data may be embedded on either a digital or an analog signal using methods known in the art. Although the signal could theoretically be sent at any frequency, technological limitations and governmental regulation may limits on what signal frequency could be effective. For small wireless devices implementing the present invention may be best realized when the signal is sent at approximately one of the following frequency ranges: 400-500 MHz, 900-905 MHz, or 2.3-2.5 GHz. In addition, frequency hopping techniques or other data transmission techniques may be used to enhance the quality of data transmission.

The standard modem command may be sent from a first device to a second device. Once it has been successfully sent, the network parameters may be extracted from the standard modem command 14. As mentioned above, a second device that receives the standard modem command may be programmed independently to realize that $\text{phonenum} = [\text{network establishment parameters}]$ while the first device may or may not be so programmed. The second device may extract the network establishment parameters from the standard modem command simply by extracting phonenum from the standard modem command ATDphonenum . As such, the second device may use the network establishment data accordingly.

In one embodiment the second device is programmed to understand the "D" command as indicating that network establishment parameters are attached to the standard modem command. Thus the command ATDphonenum is interpreted by the receiving device as (START, NETWORK PARAMETERS = phonenum). The "AT" command is the start command, the "D" command indicates that network parameters are attached, and the " phonenum " command contains those network parameters. As mentioned above, it may make no difference whether the first device is not programmed to interpret the ATDphonenum command in the same manner as the second device.

The above embodiment illustrated with reference to the command ATDphonenum is exemplary. However, any command in the Hayes command set or any other modem command set could be used to realize the present invention. It should be understood that the present invention is in no way limited to any particular command. The modem interface commands AT and D used for the illustration above are merely two examples of commands that could be used to realize the present invention. Moreover, it is understood that the commands within the Hayes modem command set are merely a subset of the potential modem commands that could be used to implement the present invention. Additional exemplary embodiments of the present invention may be described in Appendix A, attached hereto. Appendix A, is hereby incorporated by reference herein as part of this specification.

FIG. 2 is another flow diagram showing a method of communicating network parameters in accordance with the present invention. FIG. 2 is substantially similar to FIG. 1, but adds a functional loop to facilitate repetition of the method in the event that a

network is not established. In accordance with FIG. 2 the method may comprise formatting network parameters into a standard modem command 10 and sending the standard modem command 12. The method may also comprise extracting the network parameters from the standard modem command 14. Once steps 10, 12, and 14 have been taken, the method may comprise inquiring whether a network has been established 16. If the network has been established then normal communication or data transmission within the network may ensue. However, if the network has not been established, for whatever reason, steps 10, 12, and 14 may be repeated.

Step 16 may be realized manually by an end user. Alternatively, step 16 may be programmed into the devices to occur automatically in the event that network establishment is unsuccessful. In some embodiments, if network establishment is unsuccessful after a predetermined number of attempts (not shown), the method may terminate without successfully establishing a network.

FIG. 3 is another flow diagram showing a method of communicating network parameters in accordance with the present invention. The method may comprise formatting network parameters into a standard modem command 10 and sending the standard modem command from a sending device 20. The method may also comprise receiving the standard modem command by a receiving device 22 and storing at least part of the standard modem command 24.

The receiving device may store all of the standard modem command or only part of the standard modem command. Moreover, the receiving device may store the command in volatile memory or some non-volatile storage media. In one specific embodiment, at least part of the standard modem command may be stored in an electrically erasable programmable read only memory (EEPROM). In any case, depending on the hardware being used and the network being configured the parameters may be stored either temporarily or permanently.

FIG. 4 is a flow diagram showing how a modem command may be created and sent in accordance with the present invention. As shown, a device command may be set equal to a defined variable X at step 30. A different variable Y may be set equal to at least one Hayes modem command as shown in step 32. A third variable Z is created by

the union of the X and Y variables as shown in step 34. The Z variable, which represents the modem command, may then be sent as shown in step 36.

The device command X may provide network establishment parameters, or alternatively the device command may command the device to perform a particular function. In one embodiment the device command may command the device to enable or disable a particular device function. Alternatively, the device command may simply instruct the device to adjust its settings or operation parameters. In any case, the type of device command that may be implemented in accordance with the present invention is limited only by the hardware and software used in the device.

The Hayes modem command Y may be a single Hayes command or any combination of two or more Hayes modem commands. In step 36, Z may be sent from one device to a second device, or alternatively may be sent from one device to multiple receiving devices. In either case, the sending device and the receiving device(s) may or may not understand either the X, Y, or Z commands in a consistent manner. In other words, the Z command, for example, may mean something to the receiving device that is different from what the Z command means to the sending device. In some embodiments, the sending device may think it is sending a command Z consistent with the Hayes modem command set meaning, while the receiving device will interpret the command Z as the appropriate device command determined by the programming in the receiving device.

FIG. 5 is a block diagram of a wireless communication system in accordance with the present invention. FIG. 5 also illustrates one potential setting for the operation of a method in accordance with the present invention. When a wireless communication network has been established using the methods of the present invention, the result may be a wireless communication system as shown in FIG. 5.

FIG. 5 illustrates a wireless communication system 40 having a first wireless device 50 and a second wireless device 60. By way of example and not limitation the respective wireless devices (50 and 60) may be any one of the following devices: a hand held computer, a printer, a scanner, a bar code reader, a RFID tag reader, a personal computer, any computer peripheral device, a key board, a facsimile machine, a disk drive, a mouse, a display screen, a communication device, an access point, a bridge, a router, a

gate, a sensor, a security device, or any other device having electromagnetic radiation reception capabilities.

Wireless devices 50, 60 may each have a transmitter 51, 61 respectively and may also have a receiver 52, 62. Alternatively, transmitter 51, 61 and receiver 52, 62 may be integrated on each respective device and realized with a single transceiver (not shown) on each respective device. Antennas 54, 64 may be used to enhance the reception and transmission of electromagnetic energy. In addition wireless devices 50, 60 may each have memory (not shown).

The number of wireless devices used in realizing a system in accordance with the present invention is unlimited. The system requires only at least one first wireless device 50 and at least one second wireless device 60. The system may comprise at least one network establishment signal 70 having network establishment information formatted into a standard modem command. Wireless communication between the first wireless device and the second wireless device may be established when the network establishment signal 70 is sent from the first wireless device 50 and received by the second wireless device 60.

FIG. 6 is another block diagram of a wireless communication system 80 in accordance with the present invention. The system may comprise multiple wireless devices 81, 82, 83, 84, 85. Moreover, each respective device may be able to receive or transmit electromagnetic signals to one or more of the other devices in the system 80. The respective signals may have their respective information formatted into a standard modem command. Moreover, the information may command the receiving device in a manner unrelated to the standard interpretation of the respective standard modem command.

One or more wireless device 81, 82, 83, 84, 85 may have a receiver, a transmitter, and an antenna as shown on the devices in FIG. 5. Moreover, one or more wireless devices 81, 82, 83, 84, 85 may have memory (not shown). By way of example and not limitation each of the respective wireless devices 81, 82, 83, 84, 85 may be any one of the following devices: a hand held computer, a printer, a scanner, a bar code reader, a RFID tag reader, a personal computer, any computer peripheral device, a key board, a facsimile machine, a disk drive, a mouse, a display screen, a communication device, an access

point, a bridge, a router, a gate, a sensor, a security device, or any other device having electromagnetic radiation reception capabilities.

A number of embodiments of the present invention have been described. Nevertheless, it will be understood that various modifications may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined in the following claims.

DOCKET # 38415R1

We Claim As Our Invention

1. A method of communicating network establishment parameters comprising:

formatting the network establishment parameters into a standard modem command,

sending the standard modem command from a first device to a second device, and

extracting the network establishment parameters from the standard modem command.
2. A method as in claim 1 wherein at least part of the standard modem command is a command taken from the Hayes modem command set.
3. A method as in claim 1 wherein the standard modem command includes a start command.
4. A method as in claim 1 wherein the standard modem command includes a dial command.
5. A method as in claim 1 further comprising:

saving at least some of the network establishment parameters to memory.
6. A method as in claim 5 wherein some of the parameters are permanently saved to memory.
7. A method as in claim 5 wherein some of the parameters are temporarily saved to memory.
8. A method of communicating with a device, wherein the device is programmed to understand standard modem commands, comprising:

creating a standard modem command by appending a Hayes modem command to a device command and

sending the standard modem command to the device.
9. A method of communicating between a first device and a second device, wherein both devices are programmed to understand standard modem commands, comprising:

- creating a standard modem command by appending a Hayes modem command to a device command in the first device,
- sending the standard modem command from the first device to the second device, and
- extracting the device command from the standard modem command in the second device.
10. A method of establishing a wireless communication link with a device programmed to understand standard modem commands comprising:
- formatting wireless network establishment information into a standard modem command and
- sending the standard modem command to the device.
11. A method of communicating with a radio device in a wireless local area network comprising:
- establishing a communication link by formatting network establishment information into a standard modem command and sending the standard modem command to the radio device and
- communicating data over the communication link.
12. A wireless communication system comprising:
- at least one first wireless device
- at least one second wireless device, and
- at least one network establishment signal having network establishment information formatted into a standard modem command,
- wherein wireless communication between the first wireless device and the second wireless device is established when the network establishment signal is sent from the first wireless device and received by the second wireless device.
14. A method of communicating to a radio device comprising:
- creating a standard modem command by appending a modem interface command to a device command, and
- sending the standard modem command to the radio device.

15. A method of communicating from a radio device comprising:

creating a standard modem command by appending a modem interface command to a device command, and

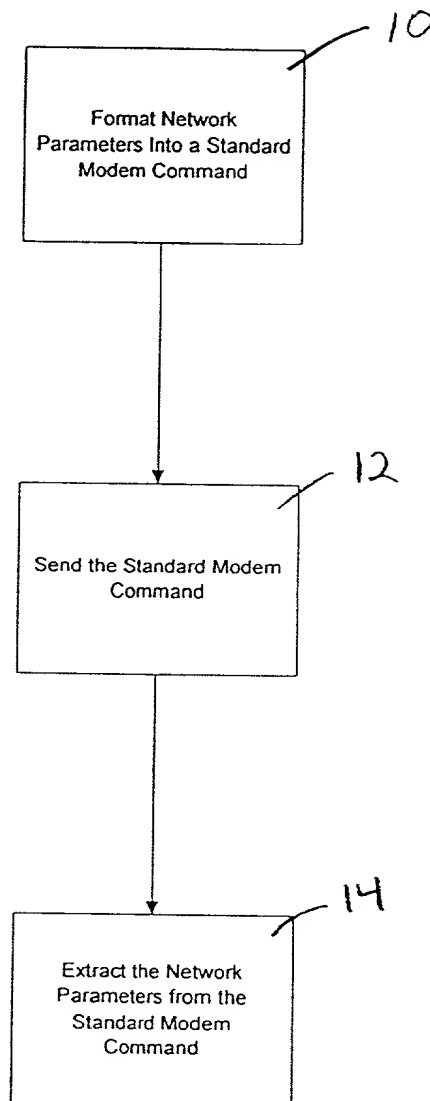
sending the standard modem command from the radio device.

Figure 6. The effect of the concentration of the polymer solution on the morphology of the films. The film was prepared by casting from a chloroform solution onto glass slides at room temperature. The thickness of the film was approximately 0.8 μm. The concentration of the polymer solution was 0.1 g/dl (A), 0.2 g/dl (B), 0.3 g/dl (C), 0.4 g/dl (D), 0.5 g/dl (E), 0.6 g/dl (F), 0.7 g/dl (G), 0.8 g/dl (H), 0.9 g/dl (I), and 1.0 g/dl (J). The scale bar indicates 10 μm.

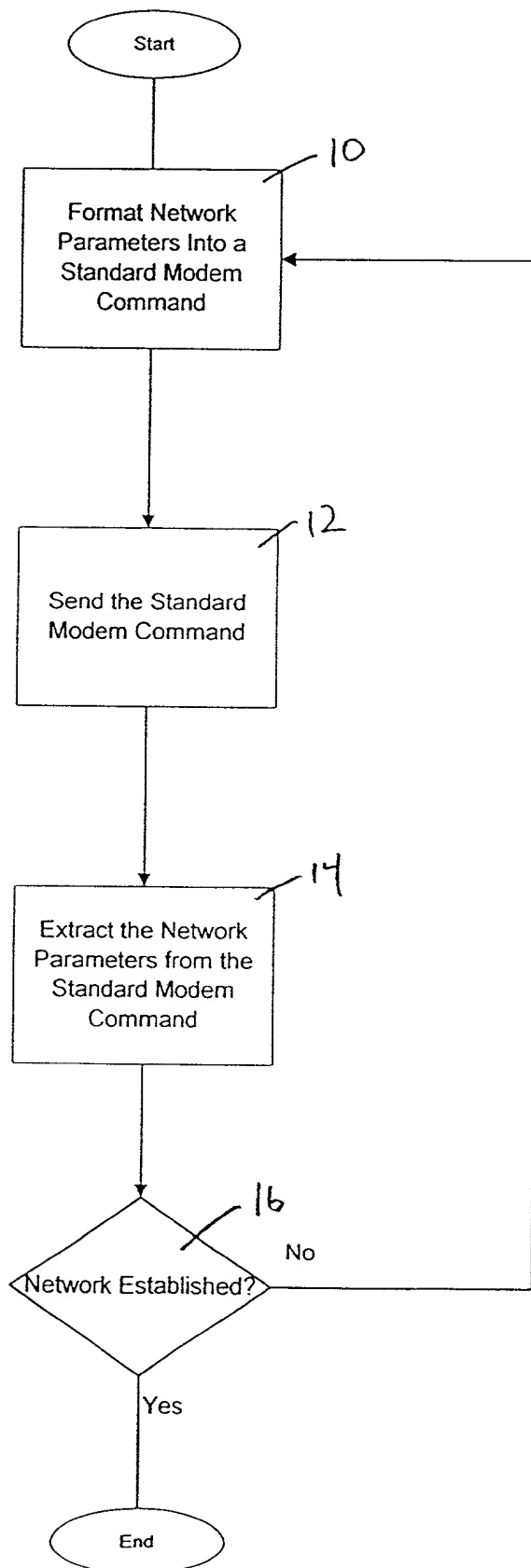
ABSTRACT

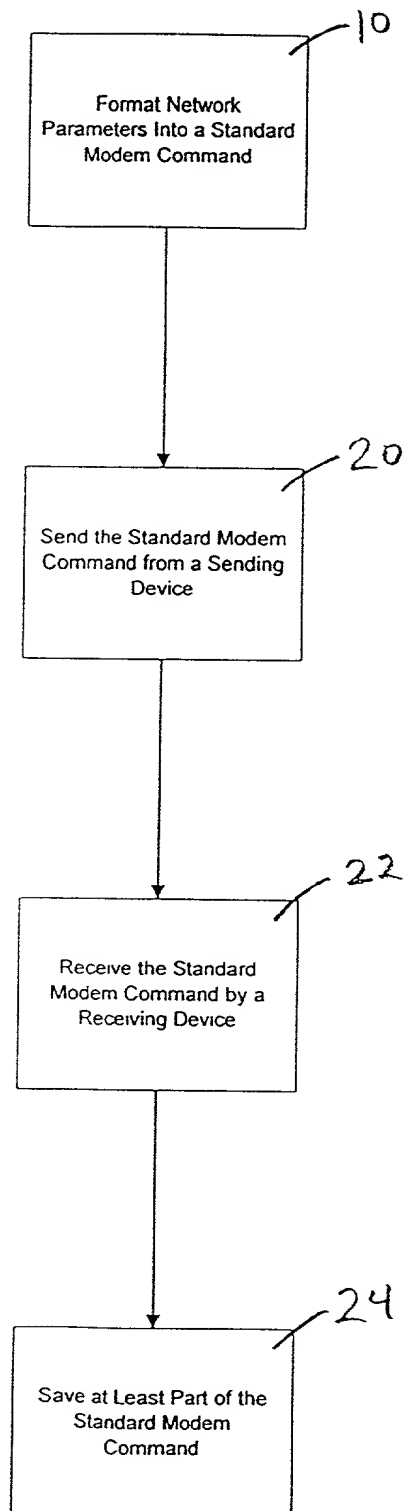
A method of establishing a network may comprise formatting network establishment parameters into a standard modem command, sending the standard modem command, and extracting the network establishment parameters from the standard modem command. A method of communicating with a device may comprise creating a standard modem command by appending a modem command to a device command and sending the standard modem command to a device. Performance of a method in accordance with the present invention may realize a wireless communication system in accordance with the present invention.

FIG. 1



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 20511 20512 20513 20514 20515 20516 20517 20518 20519 20520 20521 20522 20523 20524 20525 20526 20527 20528 20529 20530 20531 20532 20533 20534 20535 20536 20537 20538 20539 20540
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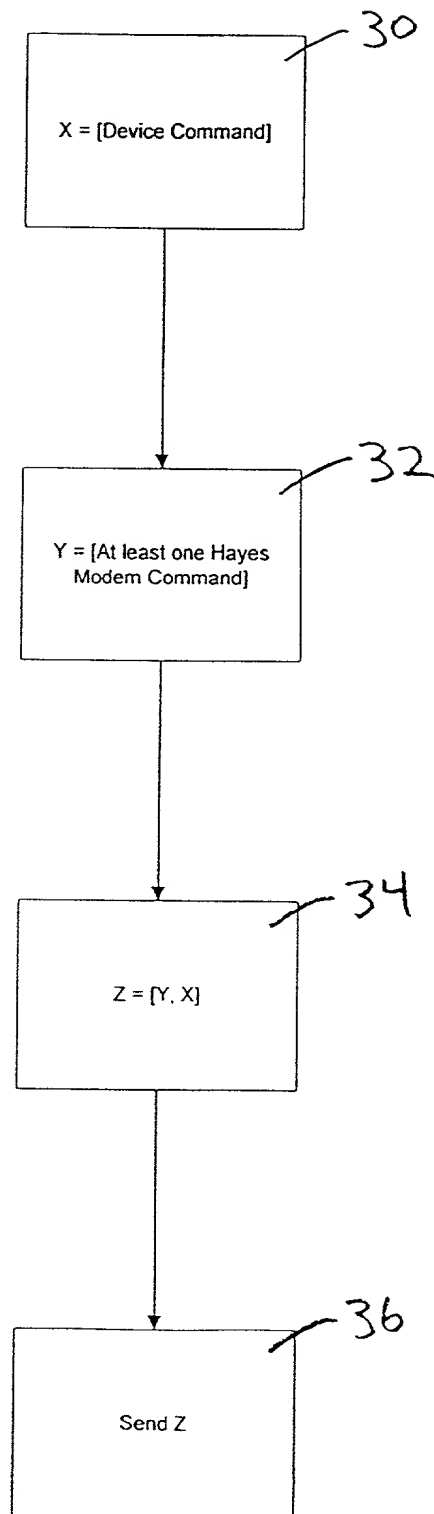


FIG. 5

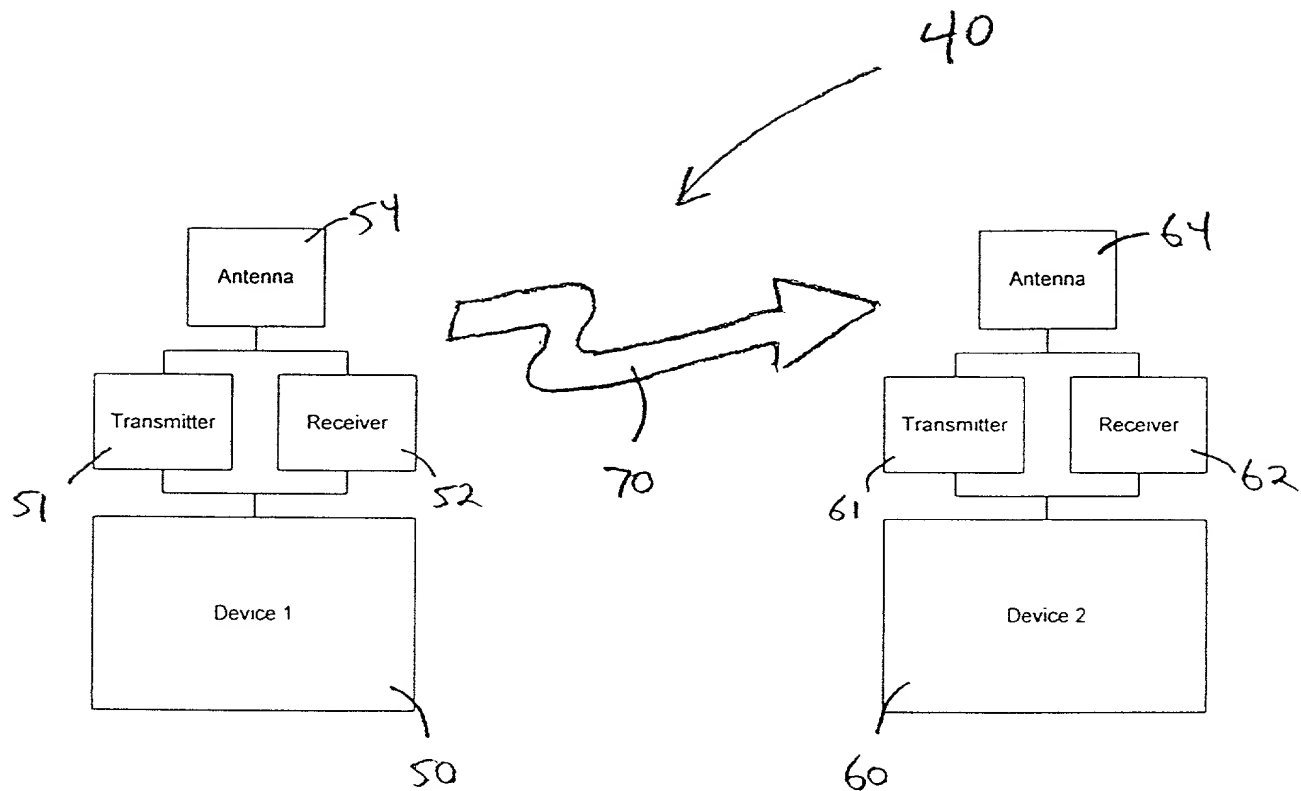
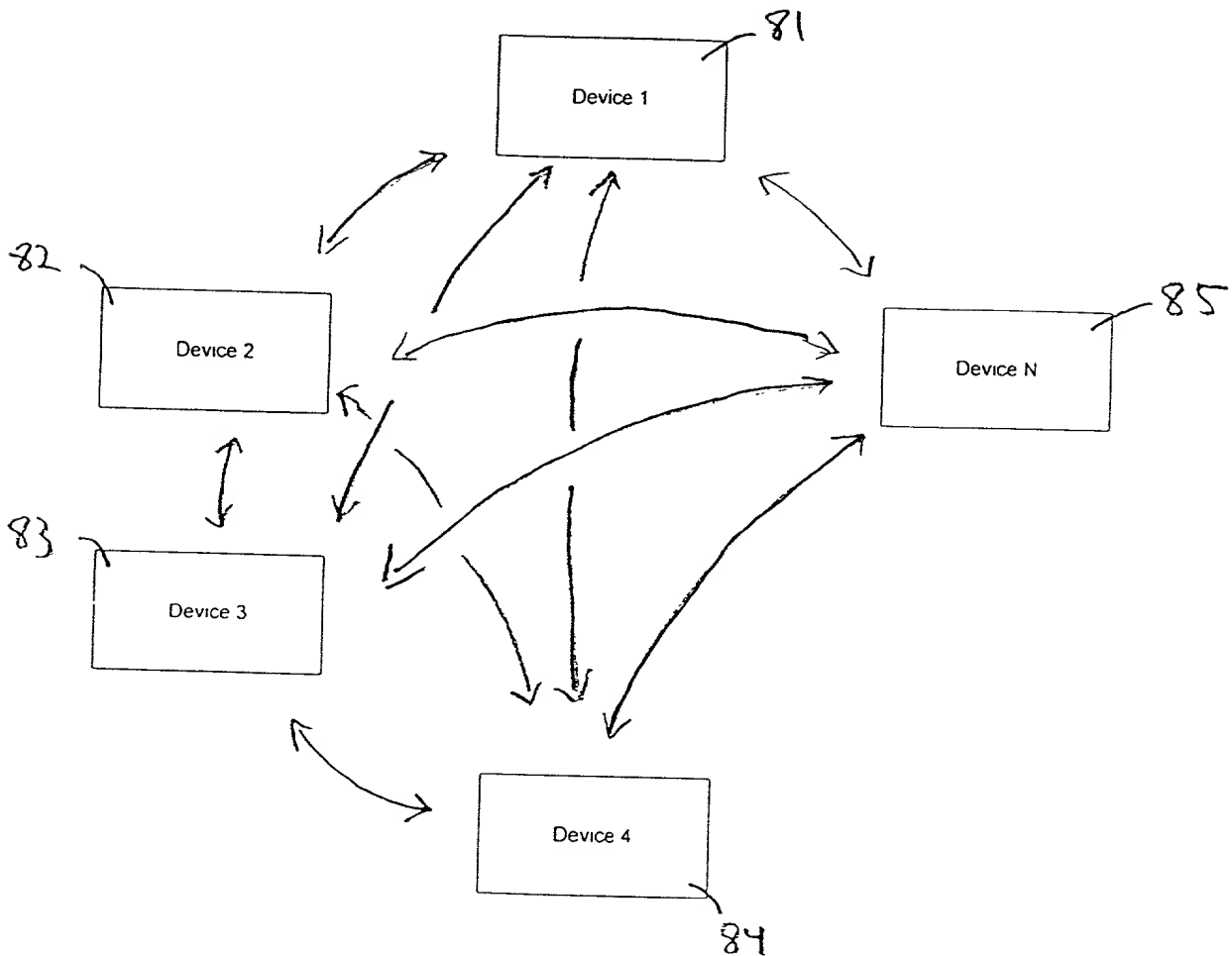


FIG. 6

[illegible]

Express Mail Label
No. EK 875 261 939 US

Attorney Docket
No. 38415R1

APPENDIX A

1.1.1.1 Modem Emulation Mode

The intention of this mode of operation is for point to point communications between two Picolink radios. After the radio is reset the radio will process any incoming data from the host. If data is received while RTS is asserted the radio will process the data looking for 'AT' commands. If any 'AT' commands are received, the radio will automatically enter the modem emulation mode. Once this mode is set the radio will respond to certain 'AT' commands. In this mode it is easy for a terminal emulation program or any program that can communicate with a modem to easily create or join a point to point network.

If at any time the radio receives a command to enter smart mode, the current network (if one exists) will be immediately terminated.

The radio will respond to the 'AT' commands listed in the table below:

Command	Description
ATA	Radio will join any network
ATD[T,P]	Radio will either create or join a network
ATH	Radio will terminate the active network
ATO	Radio will leave command mode and go back online
ATQ	Radio will not send responses if QUIET mode is enabled
ATV	Radio will send text responses if enabled, numeric response if disabled
+++	Radio will enter command mode

Any other received commands that are not listed above will be receive and OK response and the command will be ignored by the radio.

The radio will return the following verbose responses; 'OK' and 'CONNECT' or the associated numeric responses '0' and '14'

1.1.1.1.1 ATA Command

When the radio receives this command the radio will begin looking for any network to join. If a network is found, the radio will join the network and return a 'CONNECT' or '14' response if QUIET mode is disabled. At this time the CD (Carrier Detect) line will be asserted and data transfer can take place between the connected radios.

Field	Description
ATA	Modem auto answer command

1.1.1.1.2 ATD Command

When the radio receives this command it will either create an infrastructured network or join and infrastructured network of the requested type. Once the network is started or joined the radio will return a 'CONNECT' or '14' response if QUIET mode is disabled. At this time the CD line will be asserted and data transfer can take place between the connected radios.

Field	Description
ATD	Modem dial command
T,P	T = Tone P = Pulse dialing, this is required but ignored by the radio
0,1	0 = create a network, 1 = join a network
NNNNN	Network ID, this value ranges from 0 to 65,534 and identifies the specific network
,	Separator between Network ID and Awake Window parameters
WWWWW	Awake Window, this value ranges from 0 to 65,535 and indicates how long the radio will remain awake after a message is sent. A value of 65,535 indicates that the radio will remain on. This setting is in 0.1-second increments
,	Separator between the Awake window and Info field
Info	Up to 32 bytes of text data

1.1.1.1.3 ATH Command

When the radio receives this command it will cause the current active network to be terminated. Once this command has successfully completed the CD line will be unasserted.

Field	Description
ATH	Modem hang-up command

1.1.1.1.4 ATO Command

When the radio receives this command and the radio is currently in command mode, the radio will go back online and data transfer can once again take place. If the radio is not in command mode, this string will be passed as data.

Field	Description
ATO	Modem online command

1.1.1.1.5 ATQ Command

When the radio receives this command it will either enable or disable QUIET mode for modem responses.

Field	Description
ATQ	Modem online command
0,1	0 = disable quiet mode 1 = enable quiet mode

1.1.1.1.6 ATV Command

When the radio receives this command it will either enable or disable verbose mode. When enabled the radio will return text responses other wise it will return numeric responses. The only responses returned by the radio are 'OK', 'CONNECT', '0' or '14'.

Field	Description
ATV	Modem online command
0,1	0 = numeric responses 1 = text responses

1.1.1.1.7 '+++ Command

When the radio receives a '+++' command when the radio is online, the radio will return to command mode. At this time modem commands can be sent to the radio. This would normally be used to hang-up the modem.

NOTE: under certain conditions long strings of '+' characters could be inadvertently interpreted as the '+++' command.

Field	Description
+++	Enter modem command mode